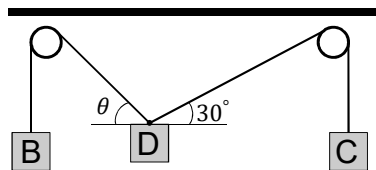


## ME201 – Statics

### Chapter 1&2 – Recitation

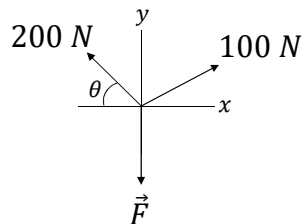
#### Example 1



$$w_B = 200 \text{ N}$$

$$w_C = 100 \text{ N}$$

What is the weight of D and angle  $\theta$ ?



$$\sum \vec{F}_x = 0$$

$$100 \cos 30 - 200 \cos \theta = 0$$

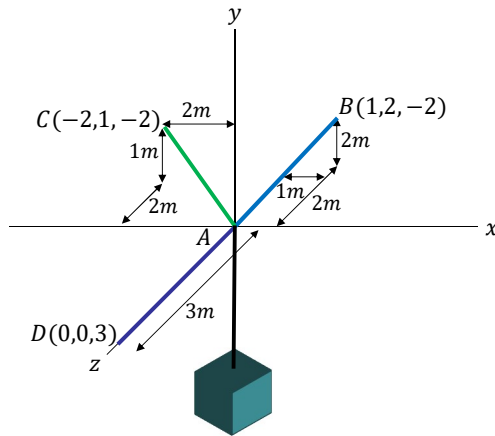
$$\theta = 64.34^\circ$$

$$\sum \vec{F}_y = 0$$

$$100 \sin 30 + 200 \sin 64.34 - w_D = 0$$

$$\underline{w_D = 230 \text{ N}}$$

**Example 2**



Determine the forces in cables AB, AC and AD required to support the 300 N crate.

**Example 2**

$$\vec{F}_{AB} = \frac{F_{AB}}{d_{AB}} [(x_B - x_A)\vec{i} + (y_B - y_A)\vec{j} + (z_B - z_A)\vec{k}]$$

$$\vec{F}_{AB} = \frac{F_{AB}}{\sqrt{(1-0)^2 + (2-0)^2 + (-2-0)^2}} [(1-0)\vec{i} + (2-0)\vec{j} + (-2-0)\vec{k}]$$

$$\vec{F}_{AB} = F_{AB} \left( \frac{1}{3}\vec{i} + \frac{2}{3}\vec{j} - \frac{2}{3}\vec{k} \right)$$

$$\vec{F}_{AC} = \frac{F_{AC}}{d_{AC}} [(x_C - x_A)\vec{i} + (y_C - y_A)\vec{j} + (z_C - z_A)\vec{k}]$$

$$\vec{F}_{AC} = \frac{F_{AC}}{\sqrt{(-2)^2 + (1)^2 + (-2)^2}} [-2\vec{i} + \vec{j} - 2\vec{k}]$$

$$\vec{F}_{AC} = F_{AC} \left( -\frac{2}{3}\vec{i} + \frac{1}{3}\vec{j} - \frac{2}{3}\vec{k} \right)$$

$$\vec{F}_{AD} = F_{AD}\vec{k}$$

$$\vec{W} = -300\vec{j}$$

**Example 2**

Equations of equilibrium

$$\sum \vec{F} = 0$$

$$F_{AB} \frac{1}{3} \vec{i} + F_{AB} \frac{2}{3} \vec{j} - F_{AB} \frac{2}{3} \vec{k} - F_{AC} \frac{2}{3} \vec{i} + F_{AC} \frac{1}{3} \vec{j} - F_{AC} \frac{2}{3} \vec{k} + F_{AD} \vec{k} - 300 \vec{j} = 0$$

Equating  $\vec{i}$ ,  $\vec{j}$  and  $\vec{k}$  components yields,

$$F_{AB} \frac{1}{3} - F_{AC} \frac{2}{3} = 0 \quad (1) \implies F_{AB} = 2F_{AC}$$

$$F_{AB} \frac{2}{3} + F_{AC} \frac{1}{3} - 300 = 0 \quad (2) \implies F_{AC} \frac{5}{3} = 300 \quad \boxed{F_{AC} = 180 \text{ N}}$$

$$-F_{AB} \frac{2}{3} - F_{AC} \frac{2}{3} + F_{AD} = 0 \quad (3) \quad \boxed{F_{AB} = 360 \text{ N}}$$

$$-240 - 120 + F_{AD} = 0$$

$$\boxed{F_{AD} = 360 \text{ N}}$$

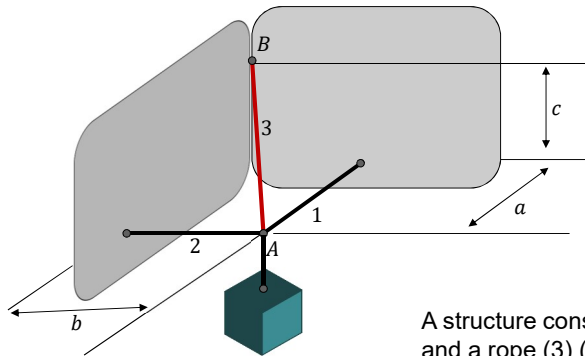
**Example 2**

$$\boxed{\vec{F}_{AB} = 120\vec{i} + 240\vec{j} - 240\vec{k}}$$

$$\boxed{\vec{F}_{AC} = -120\vec{i} + 60\vec{j} - 120\vec{k}}$$

$$\boxed{\vec{F}_{AD} = 360\vec{k}}$$

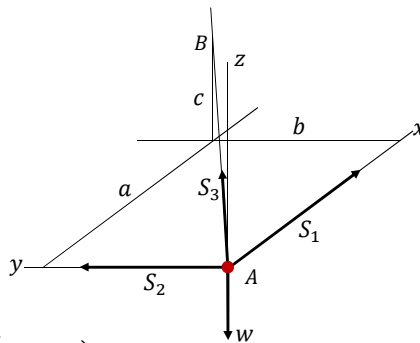
### Example 3



A structure consists of two bars (1 and 2) and a rope (3) (weights negligible). It is loaded in A by a box weight  $W$ . Determine the forces in the bars and the rope.

### Example 3

Isolate the pin A



$$\vec{S}_1 = S_1 \vec{i} \quad \vec{S}_2 = S_2 \vec{j}$$

$$\vec{S}_3 = ?$$

$$\vec{r}_{AB} = a\vec{i} + b\vec{j} + c\vec{k} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \vec{S}_3 = S_3 \frac{a\vec{i} + b\vec{j} + c\vec{k}}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}}$$

$$\vec{e}_{AB} = \frac{a\vec{i} + b\vec{j} + c\vec{k}}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}}$$

### Example 3

Equilibrium equations

$$\vec{S}_1 + \vec{S}_2 + \vec{S}_3 + \vec{w} = 0$$

$$S_1 \vec{i} + S_2 \vec{j} + S_3 \frac{a\vec{i} + b\vec{j} + c\vec{k}}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}} - w\vec{k} = 0$$

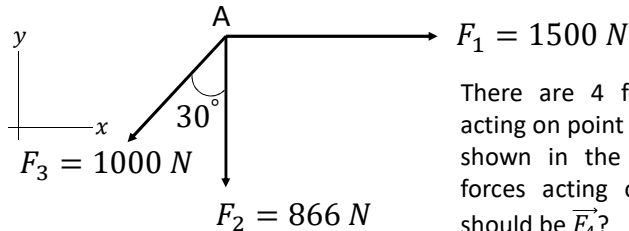
$$\sum \vec{F}_x = 0 \Rightarrow S_1 + S_3 \frac{a}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}} = 0$$

$$\sum \vec{F}_y = 0 \Rightarrow S_2 + S_3 \frac{b}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}} = 0$$

$$\sum \vec{F}_z = 0 \Rightarrow S_3 \frac{c}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}} - w = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_3 &= \frac{w\sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}}{c} \\ S_2 &= -\frac{b}{c}w \\ S_1 &= -\frac{a}{c}w \end{aligned}$$

### Example 4



There are 4 forces ( $F_1, F_2, F_3, F_4$ ) acting on point A. 3 of the forces are shown in the figure. If the total forces acting on A is zero, what should be  $\vec{F}_4$ ?

$$\vec{R} = \vec{F}_1 + \vec{F}_2 + \vec{F}_3 + \vec{F}_4 = \sum \vec{F} = 0$$

$$R_x = F_{1x} + F_{2x} + F_{3x} + F_{4x} = 0$$

$$R_y = F_{1y} + F_{2y} + F_{3y} + F_{4y} = 0$$

$$\vec{F}_1 = 1500 \text{ N } \vec{i} \quad \vec{F}_2 = -866 \text{ N } \vec{j}$$

$$\vec{F}_3 = 1000 \cos 240^\circ \vec{i} + 1000 \sin 240^\circ \vec{j} = -500 \text{ N } \vec{i} - 866 \text{ N } \vec{j}$$

$$\vec{F}_4 = F_{4x} \vec{i} - F_{4y} \vec{j}$$

**Example 4**

$$\Sigma \vec{F}_x = 1500 \text{ N} + 0 - 500 \text{ N} + F_{4x} = 0$$

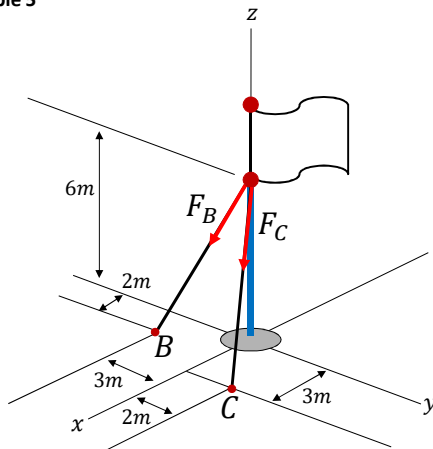
$$F_{4x} = -1000 \text{ N}$$

$$\Sigma \vec{F}_y = 0 - 866 \text{ N} - 866 \text{ N} + F_{4y} = 0$$

$$F_{4y} = 1732 \text{ N}$$

$$\boxed{\vec{F}_4 = -1000 \text{ N } \vec{i} + 1732 \text{ N } \vec{j}}$$

**Example 5**



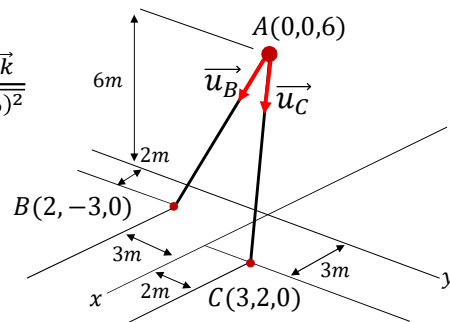
If  $F_B = 560 \text{ N}$  and  $F_C = 700 \text{ N}$ , determine the magnitude and coordinate angles of the resultant force acting on the flag pole.

### Example 5

The unit vectors  $\vec{u}_B$  and  $\vec{u}_C$  of  $\vec{F}_B$  and  $\vec{F}_C$  must be determined first.

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{u}_B &= \frac{\vec{r}_B}{r_B} = \frac{(2-0)\vec{i} + (-3-0)\vec{j} + (0-6)\vec{k}}{\sqrt{(2-0)^2 + (-3-0)^2 + (0-6)^2}} \\ &= \frac{2}{7}\vec{i} - \frac{3}{7}\vec{j} - \frac{6}{7}\vec{k}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{u}_C &= \frac{\vec{r}_C}{r_C} = \frac{(3-0)\vec{i} + (2-0)\vec{j} + (0-6)\vec{k}}{\sqrt{(3-0)^2 + (2-0)^2 + (0-6)^2}} \\ &= \frac{3}{7}\vec{i} + \frac{2}{7}\vec{j} - \frac{6}{7}\vec{k}\end{aligned}$$



### Example 5

Thus, the force vectors  $\vec{F}_B$  and  $\vec{F}_C$  are given by

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{F}_B &= F_B \vec{u}_B = 560 \left( \frac{2}{7}\vec{i} - \frac{3}{7}\vec{j} - \frac{6}{7}\vec{k} \right) = \{160\vec{i} - 240\vec{j} - 480\vec{k}\} \text{ N} \\ \vec{F}_C &= F_C \vec{u}_C = 700 \left( \frac{3}{7}\vec{i} + \frac{2}{7}\vec{j} - \frac{6}{7}\vec{k} \right) = \{300\vec{i} + 200\vec{j} - 600\vec{k}\} \text{ N}\end{aligned}$$

Resultant Force:

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{F}_R &= \vec{F}_B + \vec{F}_C = (160\vec{i} - 240\vec{j} - 480\vec{k}) + (300\vec{i} + 200\vec{j} - 600\vec{k}) \\ &= \{460\vec{i} - 40\vec{j} - 1080\vec{k}\} \text{ N}\end{aligned}$$

The magnitude of  $\vec{F}_R$  is

$$\begin{aligned}F_R &= \sqrt{(F_R)_x^2 + (F_R)_y^2 + (F_R)_z^2} \\ &= \sqrt{460^2 + (-40)^2 + (-1080)^2} = 1174.56 \text{ N} = 1.17 \text{ kN}\end{aligned}$$

**Example 5**

The coordinate direction angles of  $\vec{F_R}$  are

$$\alpha = \cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{(F_R)_x}{F_R} \right] = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{460}{1174.56} \right) = 66.9^\circ$$

$$\beta = \cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{(F_R)_y}{F_R} \right] = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{-40}{1174.56} \right) = 92.0^\circ$$

$$\gamma = \cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{(F_R)_z}{F_R} \right] = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{-1080}{1174.56} \right) = 157^\circ$$